

## BELIEVES TROUBLE WILL BE SETTLED

### Ambassador Naon Says War Between Two American Nations Is Inconceivable.

## HAS MADE NO OFFER LOOKING TO MEDIATION

## "Pan-Americanism Vital for All Countries of the Continent," Says Argentine Envoy.

NEW YORK, June 28.—Romulo S. Naon, Argentine ambassador to the United States, issued a statement here today, in which he said that while he had made no offer of mediation looking to the settlement of the differences between the United States and Mexico, he was "in candor confident that the present crisis will be peacefully settled."

The formal statement of the ambassador, prompted, he said, by published reports that he had offered mediation to the United States, is as follows:

### Made No Offer, He Says.

"I have made no offer, but it is unnecessary to say that the Argentine government is always disposed to work for the peace of America."

"Pan-Americanism, which is vital for all the countries of the continent, whether great or small, strong or weak, makes a war between two American nations utterly inconceivable. I am, in candor, confident that the present crisis will be peacefully settled. We must make evident that, no matter how great the differences between the two American governments, the interests of union and concord are supreme and inconsistent with recourse to violence as a means of settling international disputes in America."

## Hopes Sound Policy Will Prevail.

"The Argentine people and government are following this conflict with the deepest concern and, notwithstanding the acuteness of the crisis, trusting that the inspiration of a sound, far-sighted political sense will prevail in these hours, so full of perils for the destinies of the continent."

"Ambassador Naon would not discuss what basis he had for his 'feeling of confidence,' declaring that his formal statement spoke for itself. The ambassador is in this city attending to official business and said he planned to leave in a few days for his summer embassy at Manchester, Mass."

## LARGER FORCE NEEDED IN THE WAR DEPARTMENT

## Secretary Baker Submits Estimates for 250 Additional Clerks to Meet New Conditions.

The Secretary of War has submitted estimates to Congress for 250 additional clerks in the War Department to meet the large increases in the military establishment carried in the army defense act, which takes effect July 1 next. The increased force is desired for service in all the bureaus, but mainly in the office of the adjutant general, where 100 more clerks are asked for; in the bureau of ordnance, where forty additional clerks are asked for; in the office of the quartermaster general, where thirty are wanted. The present force in the offices named already are working over hours in order to keep up with current work.

These estimates are for increases in the regular force and have no reference to emergency work, which is handled by a detail of clerks from other bureaus. In case of actual hostilities temporary employees undoubtedly would be taken on, as was done during the Spanish-American war. Secretary Baker and Chief Clerk Scofield are expected to plan for meeting the expected heavy increase in departmental work.

## CHILDREN HURT IN CAR.

## Picnickers From Bethesda Church Injured When Car Is Sideswiped.

Members of St. John's Episcopal Church of Bethesda, Md., and the Sunday school children yesterday afternoon were given a jolt when the special car in which they were returning from a picnic at Glen Echo, Md., was sideswiped by a northbound Rockville car at Wisconsin avenue and O street. Four of the children, Hilma Morris, Margaret Owens, Fannie Phillips and Miriam Johnston, were injured. Others were hurled from their seats and taken to the University Hospital, while the others were able to resume the journey home.

Rev. James Kirkpatrick, rector of the church, and Mrs. Kirkpatrick had charge of the outing and were with the party when the accident happened. The police investigated the accident and reported that the throwing of the southbound car had crossed partly over the sidewalk and into the car.

## For Our Woman Readers

The Evening Star offers a unique booklet of recipes to the women of Washington.

A nation-wide demand has arisen for expert advice on the serving of canned food. There were over 8,000 requests for such advice at the Panama-Pacific exposition.

A staff of scientists and specialists has been at work for months in a special laboratory investigating and experimenting with canned food.

Their work has just been completed. The Evening Star is able to offer you its results.

Canned food is usually ready to eat, but it is not ready for the careful and fastidious housewife to serve at her table.

The booklet here offered deals thoroughly with the modern problem in cookery—how to prepare canned food.

Some households use much canned goods, others but little. Every household uses some. No household can afford to be without this new book if its kitchen boasts a can opener.

You can secure a booklet free by sending a 2-cent stamp for postage, with your name and address, to:

The Evening Star

Information Bureau,

Washington, D. C.

## GERMAN ULTIMATUM SENT TO SWITZERLAND

## Demand for Commodity Exchange Must Be Met by 6 O'Clock Tomorrow Night.

PARIS, June 28.—A Zurich dispatch to the Matin says that Germany's demands on Switzerland for the exchange of commodities are the focus of an ultimatum which expires at 6 o'clock tomorrow night.

Announcement was made in the Swiss parliament last week that Germany had demanded that the Swiss government permit the exportation of cotton and foodstuffs collected by German agents, stating that if the demand were not complied with Germany would prohibit exportation of coal, iron and other materials essential for Swiss industries.

The Swiss authorities asked for time to reply, sent a delegation to Paris to confer with representatives of the entente allies.

## GENERAL OFFICERS MAY COMMAND ON BORDER

## Possibly May Be Sent Into Mexico. Wood to Stay at Present Post.

Unless signs go wrong, several general officers of the army will be relieved of their present duties at once and ordered to assume command of divisions and brigades of troops along the Mexican frontier and possibly within Mexican territory. It is understood that Maj. Gen. J. Franklin Bell, commanding the Western Division, and Maj. Gen. Thomas H. Barry, commanding the Central Department, will be placed in command of divisions on the Mexican border, unless one or the other is chosen to command the army to be thrown into Mexico.

Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood probably will continue on his present duties which are regarded as important, because of the large training camps at Plattsburg, N. Y., and Chattanooga, Tenn.

It was rumored this afternoon that Brig. Gen. John J. Pershing, one of the senior brigadier generals, may be promoted to the grade of major general to fill the vacancy created by the new army bill July 1, next.

## MILITIAMAN IS WOUNDED BY MYSTERIOUS SHOT

## Frederick Barrack, Company A, Victim of Bullet Fired Into Camp Ordway.

The first shot "from across the border" has found a victim in Camp Ordway. A military policeman, Frederick Barrack, Company A, as he was lying in tent 10 on the company street about 10 o'clock last night, was struck by a bullet from outside the camp.

The bullet penetrated the tent and passed over another man before it struck Barrack and embedded itself in his left shoulder blade.

The field hospital ambulance was called and Barrack was removed to the Fort Myer post hospital. The bullet was located by use of the X-ray machine. Maj. Charles R. Luce made an incision and removed the bullet at midnight. Barrack is expected to be ready for duty again in a couple of days.

In officially reporting the case Maj. Luce said it was a gunshot wound, two inches to the left of the spine and the bullet was imbedded in the lumbar vertebrae.

Capt. Frank Lockhead, commanding Company A, hurried out a detail to hunt for the bullet. The bullet was not found. The regimental and brigade officers are making an investigation.

The bullet was not of the kind to fit any of the rifles or revolvers in the camp. It came from outside and is from a small revolver, probably .32 caliber.

## HAVE UNITED IN EFFORT TO BOOST RECRUITING

## Movie Picture Concerns Propose Exhibit of Life in Army and Navy.

The big motion picture "weeklies" have united in an effort to boost recruiting in the United States Navy and Army. It is proposed to show pictures of life in the army and navy in motion picture houses throughout the country and display with them appeals for enlistments signed by Secretary Baker of the War Department and Secretary Daniels of the navy.

Representatives of the "weeklies" called on the secretaries yesterday and outlined their proposal. Secretary Daniels consented to allow motion pictures to be taken of life aboard the United States ships at Vera Cruz. Secretary Baker referred to Gen. Funston a proposal to send movie operators to Gen. Pershing's camp to help army recruiting. Films taken of either branch will be censored by army or navy authorities and shown to theaters. It is proposed to have copies of the films taken furnished to each of the big "weekly" establishments for distribution throughout the country to the exhibitors taking their service. It is estimated that about 5,000,000 persons witness the films of the combine each week.

## RESULT OF AUTO COLLISION.

## Owners of Machines Engage in Fight; Both Are Injured.

J. Stewart Barr, manager of the Wyoming apartments, and James J. Lake, a guest at the Carroll House, 817 E street northwest, Monday afternoon became involved in a dispute in front of the latter address, a fight followed, and both men were hurt. Policeman W. H. Adams of the first precinct, who arrested Barr, was attacked by a dog and bitten on the leg.

It is stated by the police that the trouble between Barr and Lake started when the former's automobile came in contact with Lake's automobile in front of the Carroll House. Barr, it is charged, struck Lake with the crank of his automobile and inflicted a severe injury to his head.

Lake was taken to Emergency Hospital. He rested well last night and is much improved. Barr furnished bond in the sum of \$2,000 for his appearance in Police Court when wanted to answer a charge of assault.

## Senate Passes General Pension Bill.

Without debate the Senate late yesterday passed the general pension bill appropriating \$15,000,000. The measure was called up and disposed of in less than two minutes.

## ASKS PRESIDENT FOR TREATY TEXT

## Senator Stone's Resolution Relating to Reported Action of European Allies.

Senator Stone, chairman of the foreign relations committee, introduced a resolution today requesting President Wilson to inform the Senate of the precise character of a commercial treaty being negotiated by allies of France in the European war, with the declared object and purpose of establishing a boycott against their enemies during and after the war.

The resolution asks particularly that the President ascertain whether, and to what extent, neutral nations, especially the United States, may be affected by the treaty.

The preamble of the resolution states that reports have been widely circulated of a recent conference of the present allies, representatives of several of the governments of leading industrial and commercial nations of Europe, for the purpose of arriving at an agreement between them with respect to their future joint and several industrial and commercial interests.

Further Allegations Cited.

It further cites reports that a commercial treaty was entered into at the conference between France, Great Britain and other allied countries to become operative after the war for the purpose of establishing a boycott against enemy nations and "also to promote commercial independence from the central powers." The resolution further quotes from a recent statement issued by the British board of trade, relating to the treaty, which said that the allies had declared a common determination to insure re-establishment of countries suffering from the war and to devise means to give them "a prior claim on raw materials, industrial and agricultural plants and stock and mercantile fleets, or by assisting them in re-equipping themselves in these respects."

Declaration Quoted.

The resolution quotes also a declaration from the British Board of Trade statement that "in order to defend their commerce against economic aggression resulting from dumping or any other mode of unfair competition, the allies decide to fix by agreement a period during which the allies will not permit the enemy powers to be submitted to special treatment and the goods originating in their countries will be subject to prohibition or to a special regime of an effective character."

Senator Stone asked that the resolution be referred to a committee to make a copy of that treaty and find out how it may affect this country.

Orders the Railroads to Revise Their Rates.

I. C. C. Finds Water Competition Between U. S. Coasts Destroyed By War.

Holding that water competition between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts has been completely destroyed under war conditions, the interstate commerce commission has ordered transcontinental railroads to revise their rates from the east to the Pacific coast by September 1, so that they shall not be lower than rates to intermediate points.

The order was a result of the investigation of existing rates on application of the Spokane Merchants' Association and representatives of various intermediate cities.

Necessity No Longer.

The commission found that the need for lower rates to meet water competition has completely disappeared for the time being, and that "there is little likelihood of any material competition by water during the present year."

The unprecedented freight rates being paid for ocean transportation between this and other countries, said the commission, "justify the revision of the rates of the ships heretofore engaged in coast to coast service. In these circumstances competitive rates are lower than conditions warrant."

Affects Long List of Commodities.

The commission's revision order applies to a long list of commodities in westbound traffic, including iron and steel, articles from Pittsburgh and steel, canned goods, coffee, meats, cotton and wool products, drygoods, hardware, shoes, twine, paper, oil, etc., from the east generally. It includes eastbound rates from California points via rail and water routes through gulf ports to the Atlantic seaboard.

The opinion says that the rail carriers objected to a change on the ground that present conditions are but temporary, and that there is no real ground of competition between them and water carriers when these unprecedented conditions disappear.

PRISONERS WELL TREATED.

British Consul Reports Regarding Captives Held in Chihuahua.

The British consul at Chihuahua City, who is looking after American interests there, has reported to the State Department that the American troops captured at Carrizal had been interned in the Chihuahua penitentiary and were being well treated. He gave the number of twenty-three, two of them sergeants and the others privates. Two are slightly wounded.

The consul's message, which was the first report regarding the prisoners to reach the department from him, also noted the detention of the Mexican interpreter taken with the cavalrymen. Some news dispatches have indicated that the men were being mistreated by their Mexican captors. The consul's report follows:

"There are twenty-one privates and two sergeants of 10th Cavalry and one white interpreter interned in penitentiary. Two are slightly wounded, one through the shoulder and the other has a flesh wound in knee. Both recovering and receiving medical attention. They are sufficiently fed and well treated. They have ample room for exercises. I am assured that there is no danger for their lives."

L. A. King, fifty-eight, expired suddenly at front of the army of the Monticello Guards, at Charlottesville, Va., where he had gone to join in the red cross send-off to the local military company.

## HAPPY YOUNGSTERS READY TO DEPART FOR CAMP GOOD WILL, WHICH OPENED TODAY.



## CHILDREN AND MOTHERS ENTER CAMP GOOD WILL

## More Than 150 Will Get Two Weeks' Outing, Then Others Go Out.

More than 150 young children and mothers today were made happy by being taken to Camp Good Will, the summer vacation camp conducted under the auspices of the Associated Charities. They are to spend two weeks at the camp, following which they will return to their homes and others will go to the camp.

Two parties went today, one from the northwest section of the city and one from the northeast, the respective starting points being 723 23d street northwest and 816 H street northeast. Automobiles loaned for the occasion by persons interested in the work were used to convey the vacationists to the camp.

Anxious to Go to Camp.

The first touches of real summer of the last few days had done much to make the children anxious to get to the camp as quickly as possible. While camp was being carried out in good order, there was an air of suppressed excitement visible among most of the children; calls were to be heard frequently to "Hurry, hurry, you mustn't sit up there, you'll fall off."

The autos were well crowded and smiles were everywhere. The youngsters were almost ready to believe they could smell the scent of pines coming to meet them.

Camp Good Will is in better condition to receive guests this year than ever before. Seven tents have been added; also a shower bath. The kitchen has been newly equipped, through the generosity of a friend in the Treasury Department.

Workers had already gone to Camp Good Will prior to the departure of the vacationists. Including the volunteer helpers the camp is to have nineteen workers this year.

Medical Examinations.

Prior to leaving all of the boys, girls and mothers underwent medical examinations which served manifold purposes. First of all, of course, it was necessary to see that no contagious diseases were being carried into the camp. Then it was desired to see what children had any physical defects in order that curative steps might be taken upon their return to the city. In cases where it was ascertained that children were suffering from malnutrition or anemia directions were given for special treatment for them while in the camp.

Also, the children were weighed, in order to be able to determine partially, at least, how much good the camp life does them.

The baby hospital camp is to open probably Friday morning. It has double the capacity this year it had last year.

Camp Pleasant, for colored mothers and their children, opened yesterday. It has about 100 in attendance, with about twenty-five workers, including volunteers.

Senator Would Recruit Indians.

Senator Johnson of South Dakota has written to Secretary of War Baker offering his services in helping to raise from 1,000 to 1,500 Sioux Indians for military service in Mexico, if they be needed. These Sioux Indians are living in South Dakota. Senator Johnson in his letter that he believes they would make good soldiers, and asks whether they should be taken into the service as federal volunteers or as state militia.

Col. Langfitt Ordered Here.

Col. William C. Langfitt, Corps of Engineers, formerly stationed in this city, and now in charge of river and harbor improvements in Georgia and Alabama, has been ordered to this city for temporary duty in the office of the chief of engineers, at the conclusion of which he will proceed to San Antonio, Tex., for duty with troops in the field.

Officers of Cavalry Troop A, N. G. D. C.



## Troops Leaving Today For Service on Border.

Two companies California Coast Artillery.  
Third Battery, Utah Field Artillery.  
Battalion New York Field Artillery.  
Regiment New York Engineers.  
Two battalions Massachusetts Field Artillery.  
One company Massachusetts Signal Corps.

## POLICE JUDGE UPHOLDS REVOCATION OF LICENSE

## Chevy Chase Sanatorium Loses Decision and Gives Notice of Appeal.

The action of the District Commissioners last December in revoking the license of the Chevy Chase Sanatorium, at 323 and Tennyson streets northwest, on the ground that it was a public nuisance, was sustained in a decision handed down late yesterday afternoon by Justice Mulwony of Police Court.

An appeal was noted by Attorneys C. C. Tucker, J. J. Darlington and Edward S. Bailey, who appeared for the institution.

Only incidental consideration has so far been given at the State Department to the communication sent by Mr. Arredondo, asking that thirty Mexican civilians, who he said had been arrested in California and New Mexico, be released.

Complains of Embargo.

This communication also complained of an unofficial embargo which Mr. Arredondo says has been placed against shipment of foodstuffs and merchandise across the boundary into Mexico, but today's news dispatches from the border do not indicate that such a possible embargo is rigid, because 48,000 pounds of flour went across the border line into Mexico at Juarez last night. In another case the State Department instructed that a shipment of hospital supplies consigned to Yucatan be allowed to go forward.

In his communication protesting against enforcement of any embargo Mr. Arredondo pointed out that no official notification has been given the Mexican government of the existence of such a measure, and that, on the contrary, the de facto authorities of Mexico continue to promote commercial exchanges with the United States.

Contention of the Defense.

The defense contended that the act of Congress giving the Commissioners authority to supervise and control private sanitariums did not confer upon them the power to revoke a license once it had been issued and property rights established as a result thereof.

Mr. Whiteford claimed that the law giving the Commissioners the right to regulate a license carried with it the right to revoke the privilege, and that they acted within their authority in determining that the institution had become a public nuisance, and for that reason should have its license canceled. This view was upheld in the ruling of the court.

GEN. RICAUT SHEDS TEARS AT THE THOUGHT OF WAR

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., June 28.—United States Consul J. H. Johnson, who closed consular affairs in Matamoros Monday night, held a conference with Gen. Alfredo Ricaut, de facto commander of the Matamoros district, during which an affecting scene occurred, it became known today.

"I hope it will be possible in the event of a break of relations between our countries," Gen. Ricaut told Mr. Johnson, according to the latest report, "that half an hour before it occurs I may have the pleasure of shaking hands with you and Gen. James Parker, commanding the border patrol at Fort Brown, at the international bridge."

There Gen. Ricaut's eyes as he made this statement, Mr. Johnson said.

Before Subcommittee.

Arthur P. Davis, director of the reclamation service; F. H. Newell, his predecessor; George O. Smith, director of the geological survey; Henry A. Graves, chief of the forest service; Charles F. Marvin, chief of the weather bureau; William A. Taylor, chief of the bureau of plant industry in the Department of Agriculture; George R. Putnam, light-house commissioner; William Bowie, division chief of the coast and geodetic survey, and others appeared before the subcommittee.

The government officials laid particular stress upon the need for a water control board to be composed of a chairman and four subcommittee members from the four government departments especially interested in this work of river reversion. This board would be a national body, the witness told the committee, to frame plans for the treatment of, for instance, the Ohio river valley, so as to prevent a recurrence of the disastrous floods which have wrecked millions of dollars' worth of property and dealt many lives.

Only by co-operation and co-ordination of effort of all the services dealing with the water resources of the country, they said, could such a result be accomplished.

SENATE FIRM AGAINST \$1,000,000 RELIEF FUND

Disagreement Between Congressional Conferees Over Aid to Families of Enlisted Men.

Insistence upon its amendment to the House military drafting resolution, striking out the million-dollar relief appropriation for dependents of enlisted men, was ordered by the Senate today, after a disagreement on that issue had been reported by its conferees.

Senators Chamberlain, Warren and Hitchcock were reapointed the conference committee and directed to renew negotiations with House conferees. Another effort probably will be made to induce Representative Hay and his House colleagues to eliminate all reference to relief, including even the Senate proposal to provide exemption from service for enlisted men with dependent families.

Cause of Failure to Agree.

Final action by Congress on the Hay resolution was being delayed by failure of Senate and House conferees to agree on the much-discussed provision appropriating \$1,000,000 for the relief of dependent families of guardmen.

There was no disagreement, however, over the main feature of the resolution providing for drafting of guardmen and scattered units of the National Guard. Army officers are more anxious to see the resolution passed in the latter provision, since without the authority it would give, they believe, the work of getting guardmen to the border is being delayed.

## OUTRAGES ARE CHARGED AGAINST FORCES OF U. S.

## Note of Protest Sent to State Department by Carranza Envoy Here.

A note protesting against outrages against Mexican citizens alleged to have been committed by an American force 3,000 strong marching from San Geronimo toward Valle was sent to the State Department today by Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican ambassador designate, on instructions from the Carranza foreign office.

Vigorous complaint against the alleged arrest and mistreatment of 300 civilians at La Cruz is registered in the note, with a request that the officers responsible be punished and steps taken to prevent a recurrence of such an incident.

Accused of Brutality.

Apache scouts with the Americans were charged with brutal treatment of the people in their path.

The column referred to is presumed to be a part of Gen. Pershing's main force, moving northward from the advanced base at Nacimiquipa in accordance with orders to draw in the line in preparation for a possible general assault by Mexicans. So far as could be learned the War Department had not been advised of difficulties or of the arrest of any civilians.

Only incidental consideration has so far been given at the State Department to the communication sent by Mr. Arredondo, asking that thirty Mexican civilians, who he said had been arrested in California and New Mexico, be released.

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